INTRAFIND



High quality, low maintenance content tagging @ ZEIT Online

Breno Faria, Christoph Goller

About Us



IntraFind Software AG

- Elasticsearch Partner (we also do consulting)
- Specialist for Information Retrieval and Text Analytics
- Founded 2000, 30 employees
- More than 850 customers mainly in Germany, Austria, and Switzerland
- **Lucene Committers**: B. Messer, C. Goller
- Independent Software Vendor, entirely self-financed
- Products are a combination of Open Source Components and in-house Development
 - High quality Linguistic Analyzers for most European Languages (also available as Solr and Elasticsearch plugins)
 - Named Entity Recognition
 - Text Classification
 - Tagging Service extraction of semantic meta data

Outline



1. The ZEIT Online Project 2010 → tagging and making the archive searchable

2. Editorial Workflow @ ZEIT Online

3. Feedback from the Editors

4. Meeting the Expectations





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Chinas Präsident Xi Jinping hat sich für eine neue asiatische Sicherheitsstruktur ohne Einbindung der USA ausgesprochen. In die regionale Kooperation sollten Russland und der Iran miteinbezogen werden, forderte Xi während der Konferenz für Interaktion und Vertrauensbildung in Asien in Shanghai. Zuvor hatte er Russlands Präsident Wladimir Putin empfangen. Der war inmitten der Krise in der Ukraine nach China gereist, um über militärische und energiewirtschaftliche Zusammenarbeit zu beraten. Russland will China 38 Milliarden Kubikmeter Gas pro Jahr liefern – das entspricht derzeit rund einem Viertel des chinesischen Verbrauchs. Putin ist international unter Druck, weil er den wachsenden Einfluss prorussischer Gruppen in der Ostukraine tolerierte und die ukrainische Halbinsel Krim annektierte. EU und USA verhängten Sanktionen. Das Partnerschaftsbekenntnis aus China dürfte ihm gelegen kommen. In der Ostukraine kämpfen ukrainische Polizei und Militär mit den prorussischen Separatisten um die Kontrolle. Die Regionen Donezk und Luhansk hatten sich vorvergangenen Sonntag in international abgelehnten Referenden für unabhängig erklärt. Am Dienstag mobilisierte der ukrainische Milliardär Rinat Achmetow in einer öffentlich übertragenen Ansprache Zehntausende Gegner der Separatisten und rief zum friedlichen Protest auf. Während eines kurzen Warnstreiks rollten



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 - Statistically significant keywords

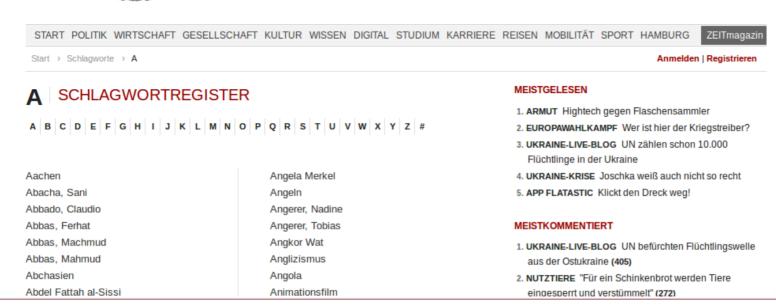
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 - Classification into corresponding department

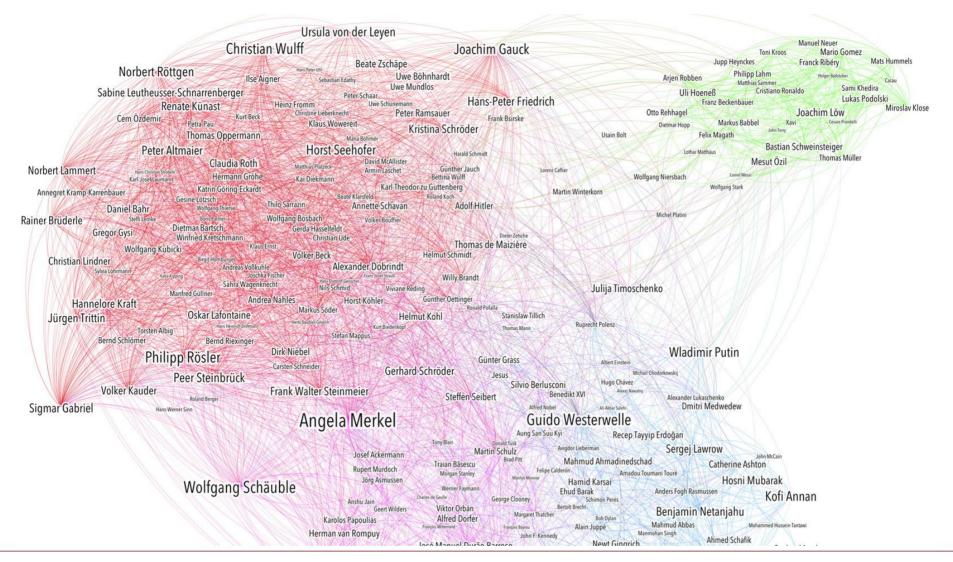


SUCHEN





Amazingly, there is an API for accessing this tagged content! See developer.zeit.de







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@ ZEIT Online

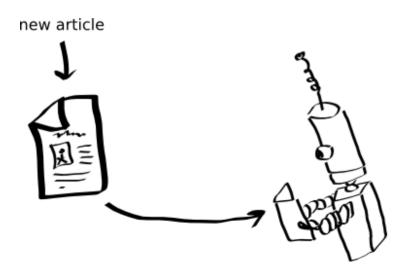
new article





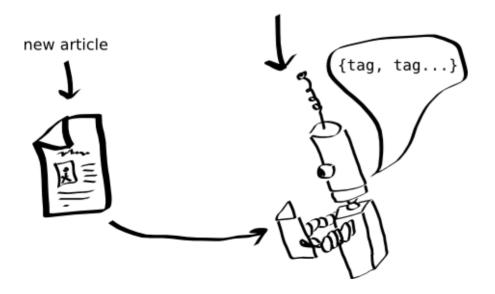


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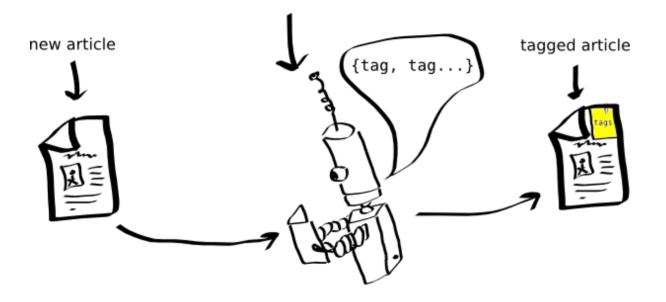


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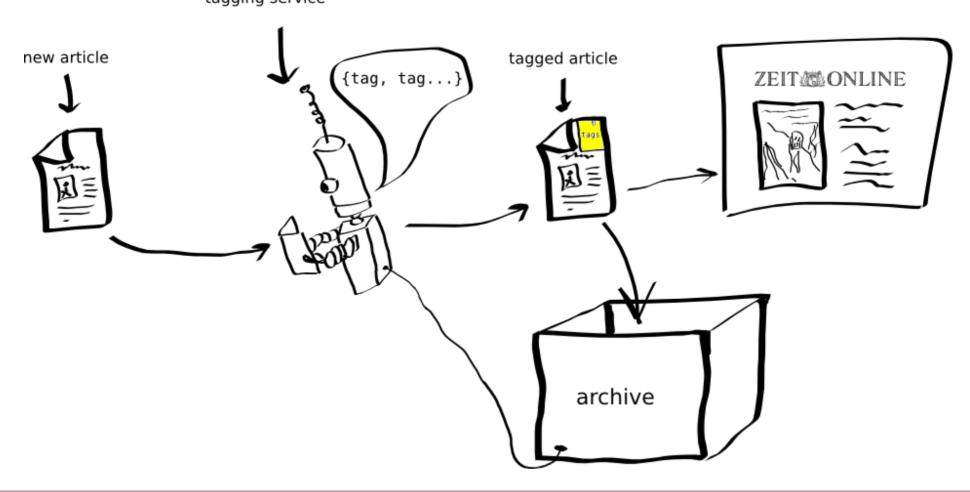


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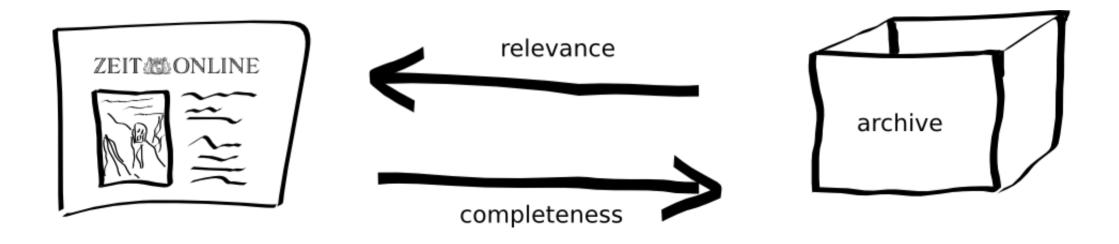
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... going through large lists of keyword candidates also \leftarrow we want to solve this problem



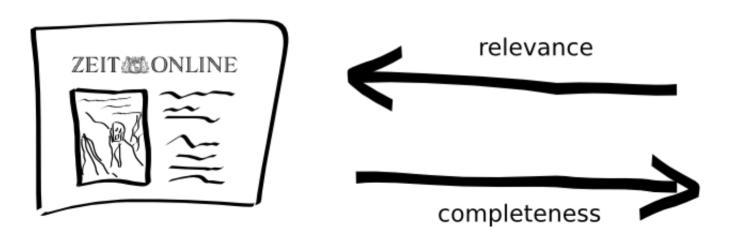


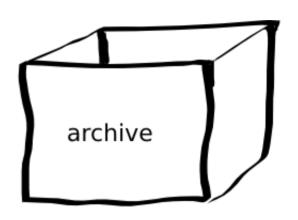
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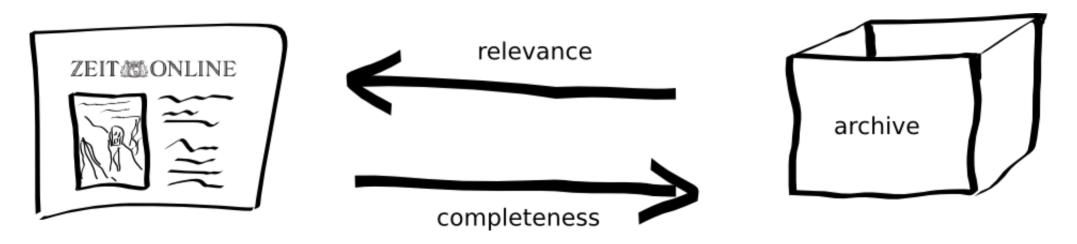




generic better than specific (Stuxnet vs. Stuxnet-Virus) expand to similar keywords (Prism → NSA) no 'stop-keywords' (e.g. Angela Merkel) no out-of-context keywords consider trends!



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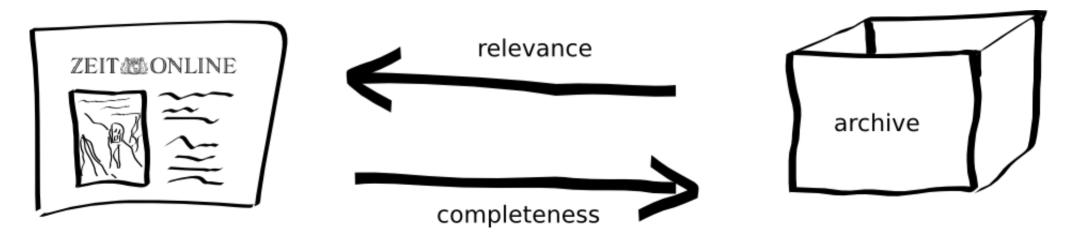


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Oh, and please don't make us work more with your changes.





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... and we still have all possible keywords for the archive



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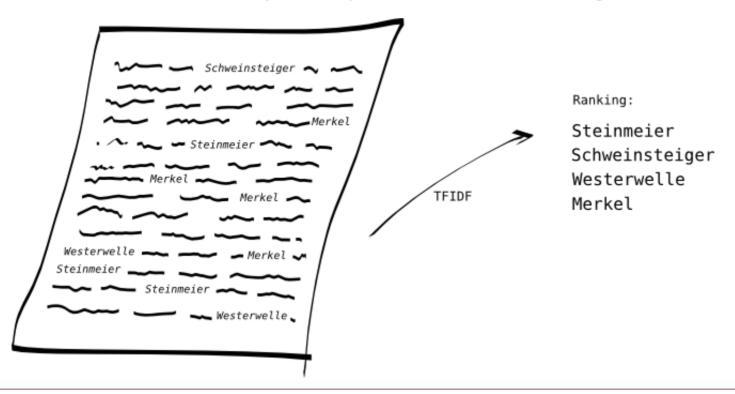
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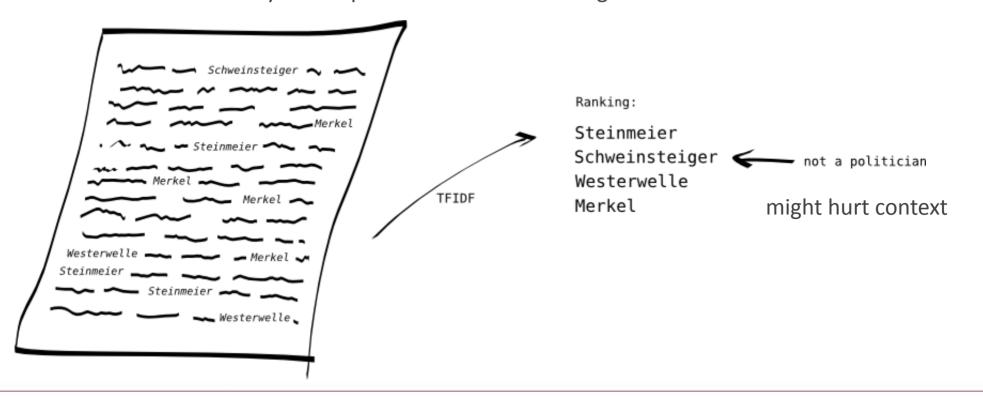


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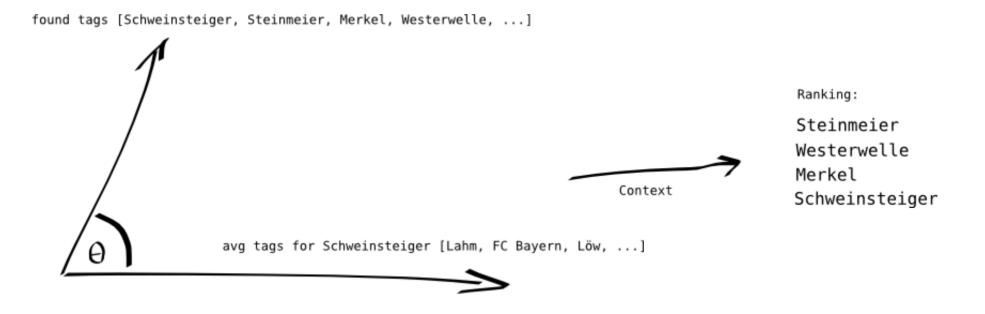
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found tags [Schweinsteiger, Steinmeier, Merkel, Westerwelle, ...] avg tags for Schweinsteiger [Lahm, FC Bayern, Löw, ...]



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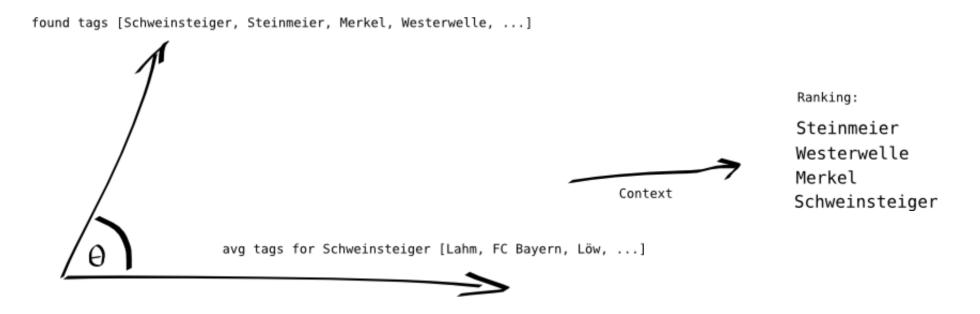
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We can use the same method to expand our tags with related keywords!



But what if the mention of "Schweinsteiger" is not incidental? Maybe it's world cup time?



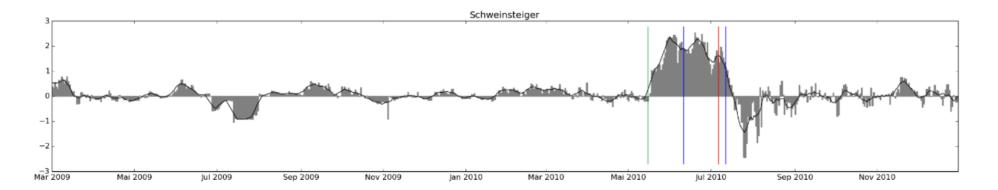
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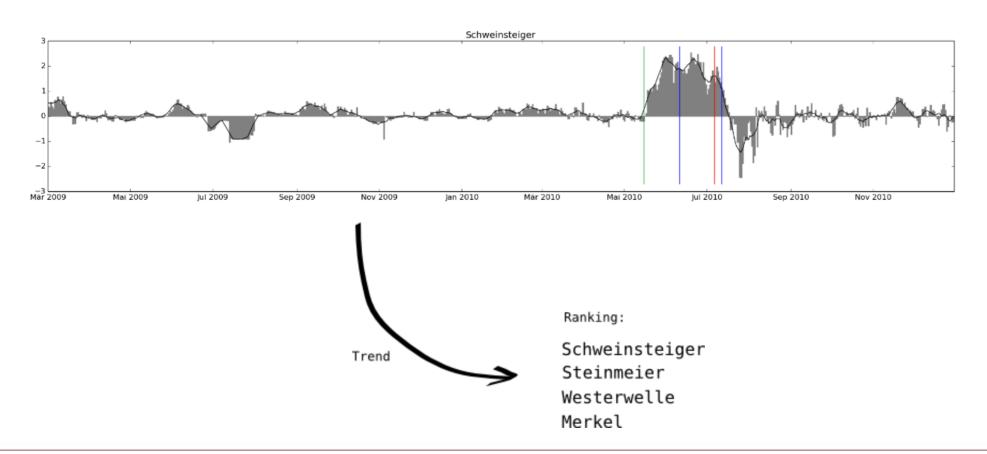
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ZEIT Online has the freedom to fine-tune the ranking

Summary



- ▶ Requirements of an editorial office on a tagging system are complex
- ▶ Tradeoff between relevance and completeness of tags
- You need both. We can solve this problem the same way information retrieval systems have → ranking
- There is a lot one can do to enrich tags only by looking at a representative archive

Thanks for Listening



Thanks to Ron Drongowski and the ZEIT Online team!

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